

EMOTIONAL DYSREGULATION



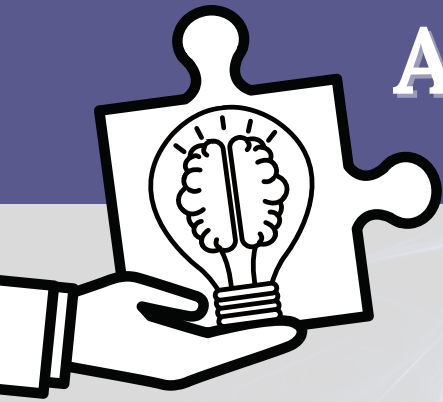
Emotional dysregulation refers to moods that are unstable, and unpredictable within a socially acceptable range.

LOOK FOR:



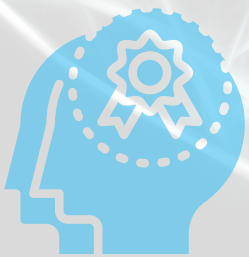
- Saying or doing things without regard for safety/impulsive
- Trouble knowing when to stop an activity
- Moods shift rapidly
- Intention and behavior may be disconnected (*example: may laugh at a sad story*)
- Social isolation





ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PROFESSIONALS

- Take the individual to a quiet area
- In a moment of intense emotion, ask the individual to pause and record (*e.g., out loud or on paper*) their emotions
- Use mindfulness techniques (*reference mindfulness sheet*)
- Predictability and consistency is key, try to schedule your meetings at the same time
- Distracted or agitated individuals can benefit from physical grounding techniques (*e.g., ask your client to describe a small object from the room, in great detail, for 60 seconds*)



Rewarding positive behavior creates a trend of more prosocial behaviors.



CITATIONS

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