EMOTIONAL DYSREGULATION



Emotional dysregulation means moods and emotional reactions are unstable and unmanageable.



- Saying or doing things without thinking
- Difficulty knowing when to stop an activity
- Doing things quickly or without regard for safety
- Moods shift rapidly (sudden urge to yell or cry)
- Intention and behavior may be disconnected (example: may laugh at a sad story)



ACCOMMODATIONS



- Pay attention to what is happening in your body when you feel agitated (for example, are you tapping your foot, clenching your fists?)
- Ask for a short break
- Write down important information before you go into emotional situations
- Create a schedule of what needs to get done to eliminate feeling overwhelmed
- Make a list of people that make you feel safe and heard. Reach out to them when needing support
 - Caregivers the most important thing you can do is remain calm yourself, do not react to the person's emotions. You can gently guide the person to a quiet' area to help them regain control.



